

African Advanced Institute for Information & Communications Technology

### WISP in a box

Sebastian Büttrich, wire.less.dk edit: June 2008 @ Wireless Africa

## Wireless is easy, .... but ....

... we need to

downskill technology,

upskill people

in order to get up to speed and scale

### 2006 @ the London meeting

organized by the Association for Progressive Communications, brings together about 50 people active in wireless networking on the african continent

Janet Haven (OSI) writes:

"Another group looked at software issues: if one were to aggregate the technology needed to run a WISP - from mesh networking software to billing systems that worked in a world without credit cards - what would it look like?

Building off the Tactical Technology Collective's popular "in-a-box" idea, everyone around this table agreed to work towards a "WISP-in-a-box".

# WISP in a box will ...

put together the best components from the open source / free software world,

make them easy to use,

run them on low cost, low power hardware

to create an easy wireless ISP box

and make this product available to entrepreneurs, activists, movers of all kinds

in order to help bringing connectivity to underserviced, underprivileged and overcharged communities in Africa

#### **Pillars**

- 1. Free Software / Open Source
- 2. License exempt wireless
- 3. Local ownership
- 4. Low power, solar power
- 5. Low cost

### Work principles

**Openness** 

**Cooperation and Inclusion** 

Reuse of best-of-breed components

No reinventing of wheels

No personal / organizational egoisms

Speed to market – it is NOW .....

### The product

will consist of ...

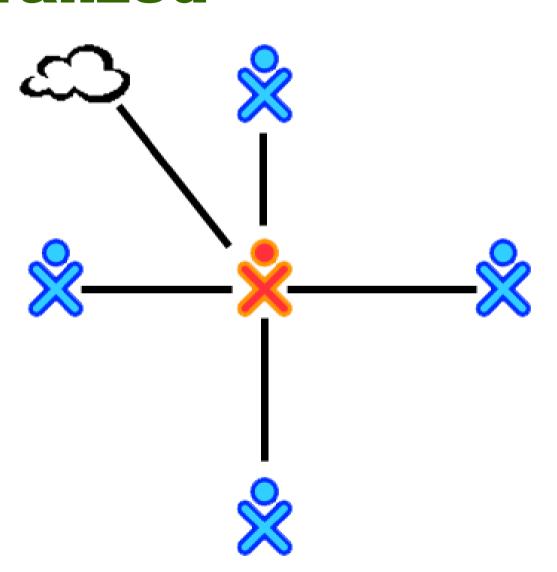
- ... Software preinstalled and on CD/DVD
- ... Hardware gateway server, front access node(s)
- ... Documentation open and accessible

## Starting point Sustainable business models

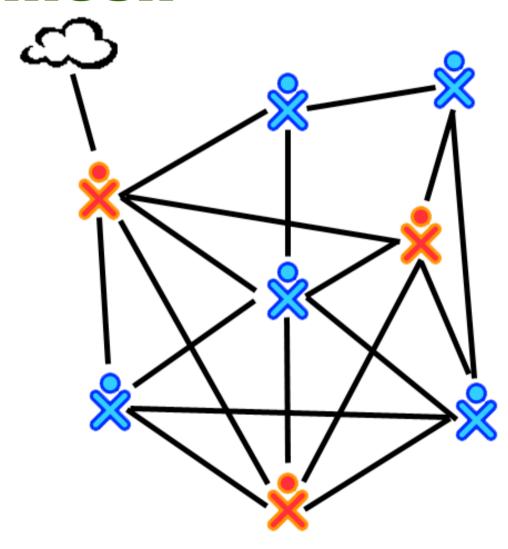
Meet the requirements of for-profit and not-for-profit business models, with and without internet access, like ...

- Telecentre / Internet Cafe
- The Village Telco
- Freestyle Mesh (Freifunk style)
- Housing Complex / NeighbourNet
- Internet Line Sharing, e.g. VSAT or DSL
- Corporate / Managed Services
- Guesthouse Net
- Content / Media services, e.g. in Education
- Surveillance Nets

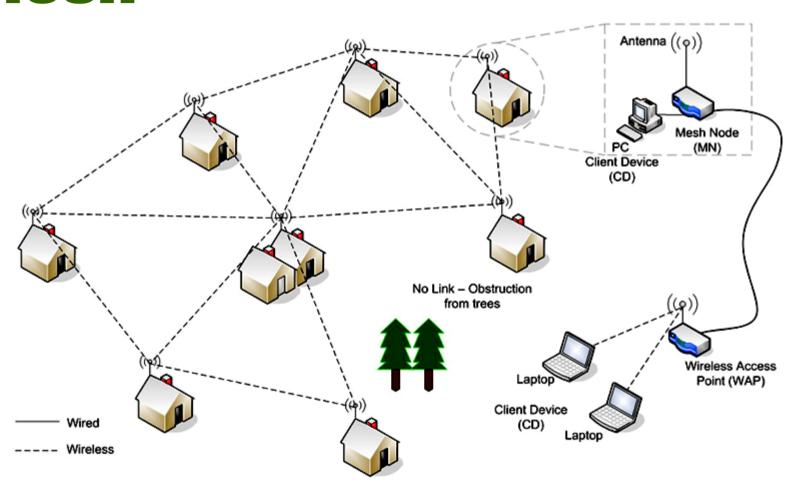
# **Models Centralized**



### Models Full mesh

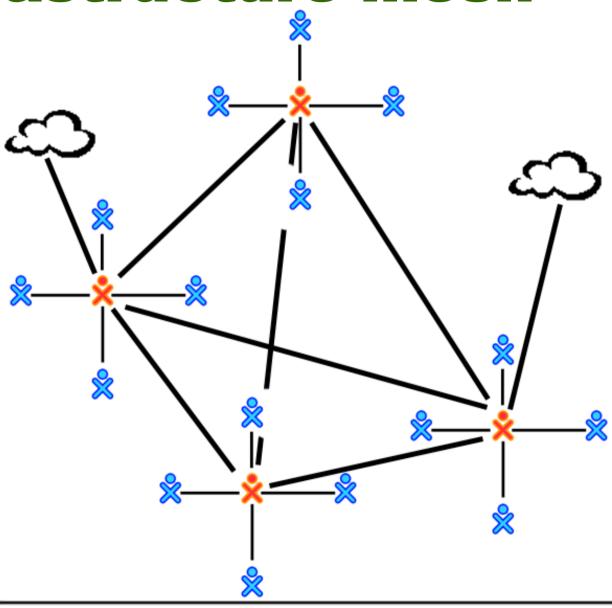


# **Example of a community** mesh



### Models

### Infrastructure mesh



## Software Platform

#### Server:

OS: Ubuntu 8.04 server, no X / Inveneo Hub Linux packages and apps: see detailed list online

Apache, php, MySql, FreeRadius, ispconfig / webmin, PhpMyPrepaid, Squid, Nagios, Master/WonderShaper, Asterisk

#### Front access node(s):

Firmware: currently working with CoovaAP, but others may be used (e.g. OpenWRT, RO.B.IN, Open-Mesh FW, ..)

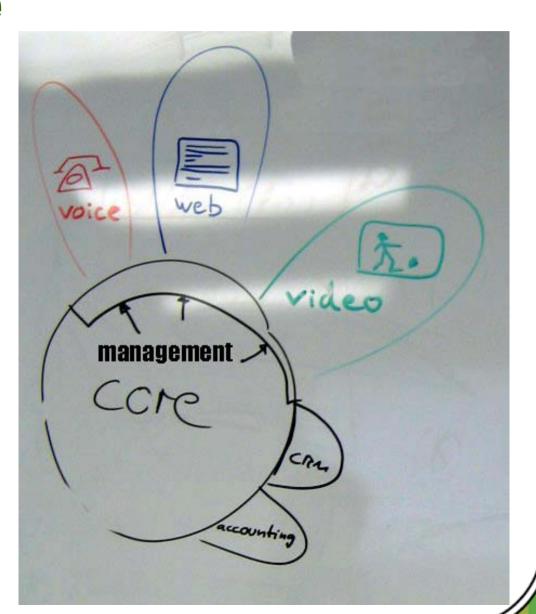
### Software Architecture

**Core elements** and specific extensions

e.g. VoIP, Web applications, Multimedia serving

Focus on workflow oriented GUI integration -

the Glue between things



# Software focus Two main challenges

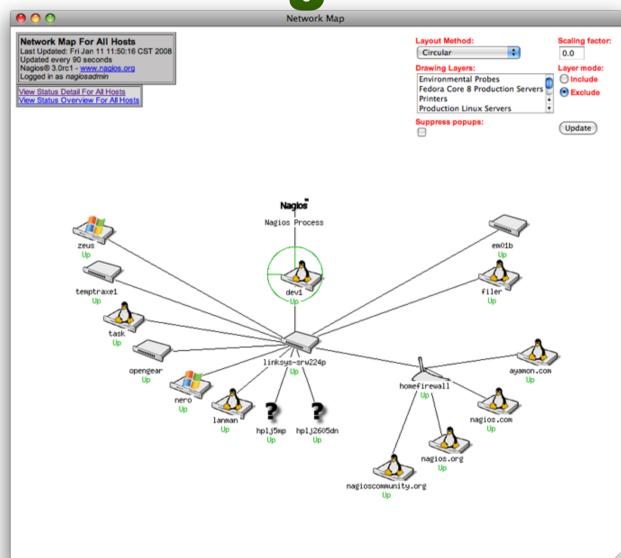
**Network management** 

Monitoring, managing, shaping, maintaining, reporting

**Billing** 

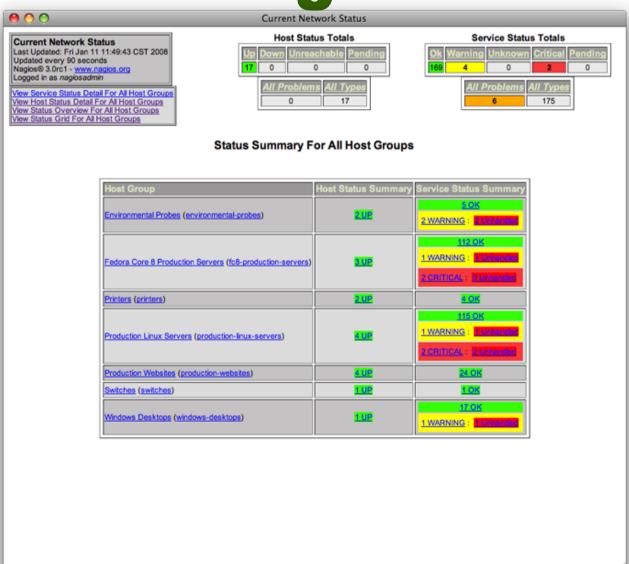
without credit card! Prepaid is the word!

### Software Network management



**Nagios**°

### Software Network management



**Nagios**°

# Software Billing



# Software Billing Prepaid, voucher

Time based

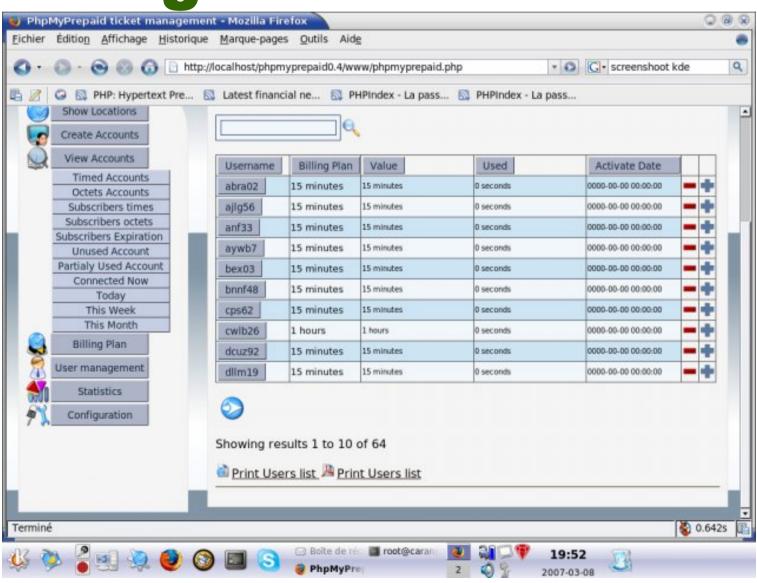
Calendar time Usage time



Consumption/Data based

Different services (web, mail, local content, voice)

# Software Billing



#### **Hardware**

#### Current reference platform

Server inexpensive low power mini-ITX board (AMD GEODE 500 MHz)



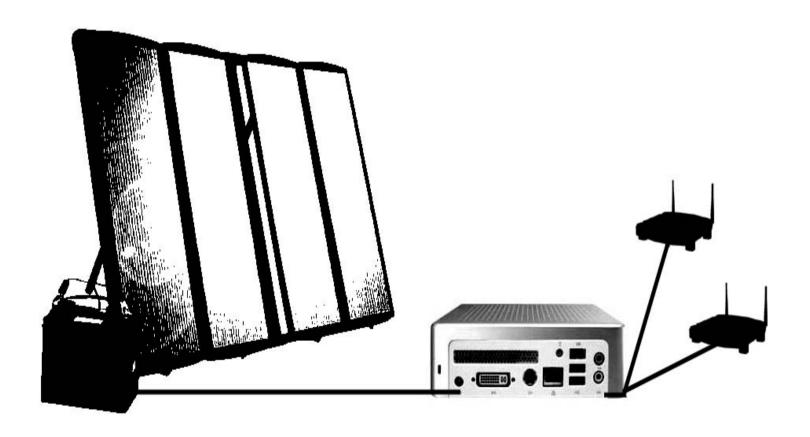
#### **Access Node**

Linksys WRT54GL or: Ubiquiti NS, Open-mesh/Accton





### Hardware The product



### Solar power Dimensions

depending on final hardware - Work prototype has

13 W (1 node version) 18 W (2 node version)

**Compromise** between cost and operations margin:

## More power with less power!

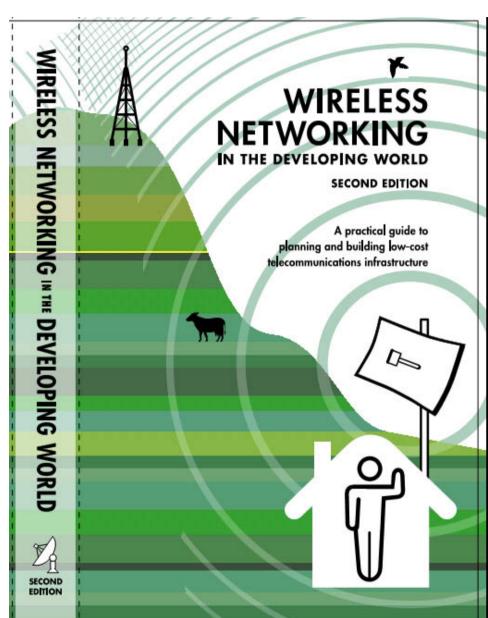
pictured:

prototype of solar powered Meraka mesh node



# Documentation Openness

We have seen it working!



## Work status Where are we?

**Existing Technology Research: completed** 

Software components: shortlist completed

Hardware platform: choice completed

Resources / subprojects assigned

Software Test/Integration work started

Prototype delivery: October 2008 (?)

### We are not there yet, but ...

... we are many!

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Wireless Africa Alliance WISPiab Village Telco VolPiab
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Open Hardware movement Inveneo

Open-Mesh WirelessU

**Digital Doorway** 

& ... & ... & ... & ... & ... :)

#### That was it.... Thank you!

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WISP in a box / wiki:

http://wirelessafrica.meraka.org.za

### **Business models Telecentre/Internet Cafe**

**Economics:** Free or paid by users / advertisers / cafe business

**Billing models:** typically Prepaid (Time based):

**Applications:** typically Browser / Mail / Office / Games

**Network / Topology:** wired LAN

Internet uplink: model works with and without uplink, but typically yes

User Devices / Locations: Users on business owned PC

Legal & Regulatory: legal in most countries

# **Business models VSAT / Line sharing**

**Economics:** Typically paid by users, in split scheme (e.g. cost per user = (line cost / # of users)\*(marginfactor))

Billing models: Prepaid monthly

**Applications**: All PC apps

Network / Topology: centralized or mesh

**Internet uplink:** yes

**User Devices / Locations:** PCs and other, local at office or homes

Startup Strategy: bottom up, organic

Legal & Regulatory: potential issues with DSL or line resell (?), power limits for wireless part

# Business models Organic mesh

**Economics:** Typically completely user paid, informal, but might implement business scheme similar to line sharing ((e.g. cost per user = (central uplink cost / # of users)\*(marginfactor))

Billing models: e.g. Prepaid monthly

**Applications:** All incl telephony

Network / Topology: full mesh / inframesh

Internet uplink: typically yes, but local net relevant

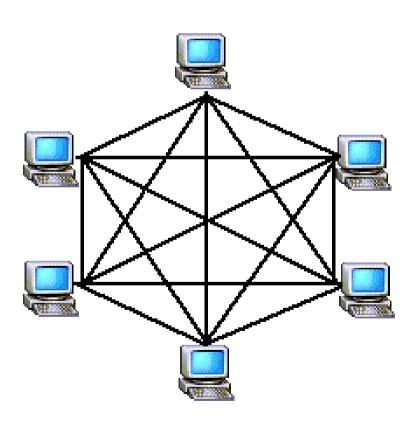
User Devices / Locations: all types of devices, at user homes / office / businesses, roaming users

**Legal & Regulatory:** potential issues with power limits, collision with other networks, DSL reuse / resell

#### What is a mesh?

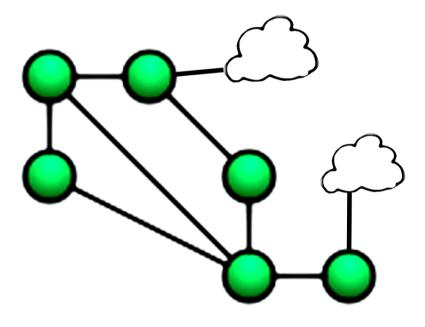
- A mesh network is a network that employs one of two connection arrangements:
   full mesh topology or partial mesh topology.
- In the full mesh topology, each node is connected directly to each of the others.
   In the partial mesh topology, nodes are connected to only some, not all, of the other nodes."

### What is a mesh? A full mesh



# What is a mesh? Full and partial meshes

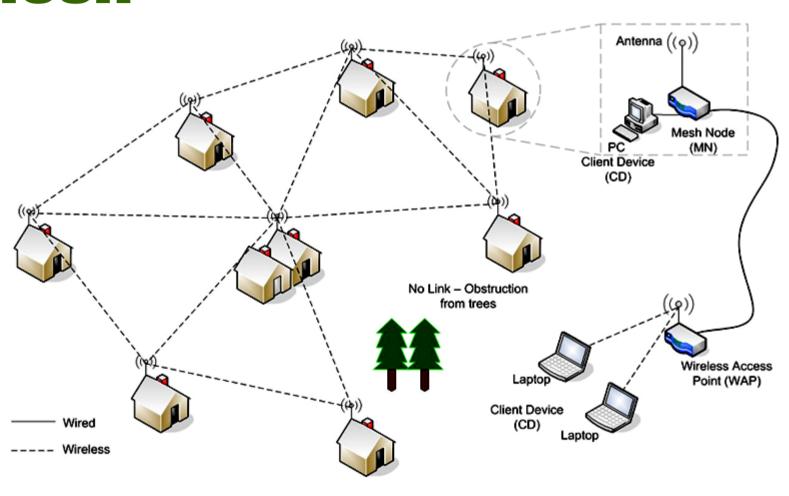




# What is a mesh? A common understanding

- A network that handles many-to-many connections and is capable of dynamically updating and optimizing these connections
- In a wireless mesh network, all wireless cards are in ad-hoc mode (not infrastructure)
- Note: A mesh does not have to be (very) dynamic!
- Often, you will meet the term Mobile ad-hoc network (MANET)

# Example of a community mesh

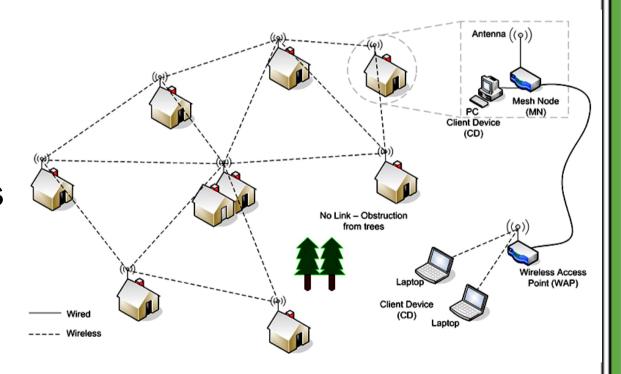


### Why mesh?

Meshing allows for

robust dynamic self healing long distance

wireless networks



# Why mesh? Mesh networking ....

- Makes good use of community resources through sharing
- Lends itself nicely to favourable social models: sharing models, distributed responsibility models, where personal interest = shared interest
- · Is often called self-configuring and easy to set up

well ... that may be argued :) ... we will see in the Lab

### Why mesh?



