Affordable and Equitable Access to the Internet:

CWRC support to telecentres in Uganda

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Profile of Project Area

- Four telecentres supported:
 - Lira CPAR telecentre in Northern Uganda
 - Kabale and Kachwekano telecentres in South West
 - Nabweru telecentre in Central Uganda
- All telecentres have access to cellular, TV and radio
- Sixteen partners: Kabale (9), Lira (3) and Nabweru (4)
- Flat terrain in Lira and Nabweru, while very hilly in Kabale
- Generally low incomes at all four sites
- Most partners at Kachwekano off the grid and depend on solar power

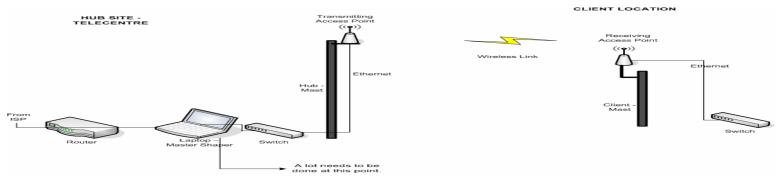


Site Selection

- Generally low ICT awareness, but in spite of that, great interest in joining the network
 - "Waiting lists" of potential partners at Kabale and Lira
- GSM infrastructure available in all areas
 - Some antennas in Kabale are mounted on an operator's mast
- Needs assessment conducted at inception:
 - Technical issues access to communication and energy infrastructure, terrain, LOS availability to partners, security, etc.
 - Business issues services offered, price lists, amount partners are willing to pay for Internet access, etc.
- Varied involvement of other stakeholders
 - Local leaders and district officials as clients and/or part of the telecentre management committee
 - Local entrepreneurs as clients in Kabale (e.g. hotels)
 - Ministry of ICT officials are subscribed to CWRC mailing list and regularly engaged on community wireless issues – responsible for set up of similar network at Nakaseke telecentre

Project Network

- Networks set up in star topology with telecentre as the hub
- Networks operate in 2.4 GHz Wi-Fi band with both indoor and outdoor radio units. Wi-Fi is unlicensed in Uganda

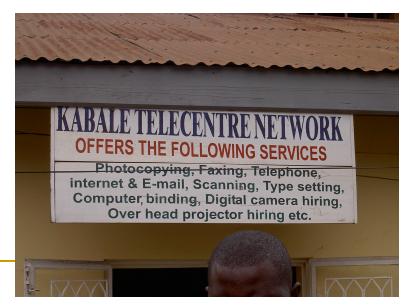


- Telecentre managers maintain the network with technical support from the CWRC
- VoIP is legal in Uganda tested for use at Nabweru telecentres
- CWRC and networks established with financial support from IDRC, and technical support from IT+46
 - Additional financial support being sought as well as costing sharing with students for some industrial attachment activities

Business Models

- Currently, sixteen partners: Kabale (9), Lira (3) and Nabweru (4)
- Partners contribute to Internet costs on an equal basis
 In Kabale and Lira, service is 3GB/175Kbps at about 81\$ •

 - Telecentres seek new model that will charge partners on basis of consumption
- CWRC only technical support free service but telecentres meet logistical costs
- Telecentres collect monthly contributions and pay the ISP
 - Contract with ISP is with telecentre only
- Telecentres offer a variety of services in addition to Internet access



Challenges and lessons learned

- Much more bandwidth than had been anticipated is being consumed
 Consumption is over 10 times in Kabale
- Differences in user behavior and hence bandwidth consumption
 Need for adaptive bandwidth management & traffic shaping techniques
- The equipment used is not locally available
 - Need to source locally available equivalents that are affordable too
- Remuneration for telecentre managers and technical staff who maintain the network
 - Network maintenance not included in their job descriptions
- High turnover of CWRC project staff
 - Slightly balanced by great interest of students to participate in CWRC activities
- Legislation related to taxation of radio equipment and Internet services
 Yet to review new 2008/2009 budget for any incentives for the telecentres

Way Forward

- Continuous capacity building of telecentre managers and partners for at least basic level maintenance of their networks
- Further research should be done in bandwidth management and cognitive radio for optimal bandwidth utilisation
- Need to investigate various business models and support telecentres to adopt most suitable for their case
- Lobby and advocate for a favourable regulatory environment for last mile solutions
 - particularly for those implemented in rural areas
- CWRC will continue to seek research funding and collaboration in order to address challenges and opportunities for the networks